



### Quarter highlights

- Security selection helped lift relative returns over the quarter, especially among mortgage-backed securities.
- Sector allocation also had a positive impact on relative results, due to larger-than-benchmark holdings in asset-backed securities and commercial mortgage-backed securities.
- On balance, interest rate positioning detracted modestly in a volatile quarter for rates. Curve positioning detracted, largely offset by duration positioning.

### Market review

In the second quarter, fixed income markets were generally positive despite higher yields as the Federal Reserve pushed back its expectations for rate cuts. Below-investment-grade (BB/Ba and below) debt was a notable exception, with both high-yield corporate bonds and municipals delivering the strongest results for the quarter. The Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Index rose by 0.1%.

Gross domestic product rose 1.4% in its latest reading as of the first quarter of 2024, a seventh consecutive quarterly GDP gain. Inflation declined slightly, and unemployment rose marginally. The Consumer Price Index rose at an annualized 3.0% in June, down from 3.5% at the end of March 2024, and the lowest level in a year. Core inflation, which excludes food and energy, fell to 3.3% from 3.8% in March.

U.S. Treasury yields rose across the curve in the second quarter. The 10-year Treasury ended the quarter at 4.40%, up by 20 basis points (bps) from the first quarter of 2024, while the 2-year Treasury rose 14 bps to end the quarter at 4.76%, slightly softening the inversion of the yield curve. The Bloomberg U.S. Treasury Index gained 0.1% for the quarter, and the Bloomberg U.S. Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities Index rose 0.8%.

Corporate high-yield bonds were an area of strength for U.S. fixed income as fundamentals and technicals were largely supportive. The Bloomberg U.S. Corporate High Yield 2% Issuer Capped Index returned 1.1% for the quarter. The Bloomberg U.S. Corporate Investment Grade Index did not fare as well, falling by 0.1%. High-yield spreads widened by 10 bps and investment-grade (BBB/Baa and above) spreads widened by 4 bps. Issuance was down slightly from the previous quarter in both markets. Elsewhere, municipal bonds and securitized debt also remained relatively flat for the quarter. The Bloomberg U.S. Mortgage Backed Securities Index returned 0.1%.

### Portfolio review

Security selection helped lift relative returns over the quarter. Selection was strongest among mortgage-backed securities and, to a lesser extent, asset-backed securities.

Sector allocation also had a positive impact on relative results. Larger-than-benchmark holdings in asset-backed securities and commercial mortgage-backed securities were the largest contributors.

On balance, interest rate positioning detracted in a volatile quarter for rates. Curve positioning detracted. The fund was positioned for the yield curve to steepen, with an overweight exposure to shorter maturities against an underweight to longer ones. While the curve steepened at the end of the quarter, the extent was not enough to offset the drag in income potential associated with a steepening bias (when the curve is inverted).

In contrast, active duration positioning helped. The fund started the quarter with a short duration position compared with the index but moved longer duration as rates moved higher in April. This long duration stance helped the fund capture the downward movement in yields later in the quarter.

Figures shown are past results and are not predictive of results in future periods.

**Investments are not FDIC-insured, nor are they deposits of or guaranteed by a bank or any other entity, so they may lose value.**

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## Long-term perspective

The fund has an investment approach designed to pursue income while preserving capital. By investing in bonds with both shorter and intermediate maturities, it seeks a middle course between shorter term funds that focus on stability of principal and longer term bond funds that tend to pursue higher yields. The fund's investment focus is on U.S. Treasury and U.S. government agency bonds. Other significant holdings include investment-grade debt with an emphasis on high-quality (AAA/Aaa and AA/Aa) corporate bonds, as well as mortgage-related and asset-backed securities.

Figures shown are past results and are not predictive of results in future periods. Current and future results may be lower or higher than those shown. Prices and returns will vary, so investors may lose money. Investing for short periods makes losses more likely. For current information and month-end results, visit [capitalgroup.com](http://capitalgroup.com).

### Class F-2 share returns for periods ended 6/30/24

	Total returns (%)			Average annual total returns (%)			
	QTD	YTD	1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years	Fund lifetime (Since 2/19/88)
<b>Intermediate Bond Fund of America</b>	0.59	0.40	4.34	-0.88	1.02	1.40	4.26
75% Bloomberg U.S. Government/Credit (1-7 years) Index, 25% Bloomberg U.S. Securitized Index	0.59	0.36	3.98	-1.20	0.51	1.37	–

Fund expense ratio: 0.38%†

† The expense ratio is as of the fund's prospectus available at the time of publication.

**Investors should carefully consider investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses. This and other important information is contained in the fund prospectuses and summary prospectuses, which can be obtained from a financial professional and should be read carefully before investing.**

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**Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Index** represents the U.S. investment-grade fixed-rate bond market. **Bloomberg U.S. Corporate High Yield 2% Issuer Capped Index** covers the universe of fixed-rate, non-investment-grade debt. The index limits the maximum exposure of any one issuer to 2%.

**Bloomberg U.S. Treasury Index** includes public obligations of the U.S. Treasury, i.e. U.S. government bonds. Certain Treasury bills are excluded by a maturity constraint. In addition, certain special issues, such as state and local government series bonds (SLGs), as well as U.S. Treasury TIPS, are excluded. **Bloomberg U.S. Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities (TIPS) Index** consists of investment-grade, fixed-rate, publicly placed, dollar-denominated and non-convertible inflation-protected securities issued by the U.S. Treasury that have at least one year remaining to maturity and have at least \$250 million par amount outstanding. **Bloomberg U.S. Corporate Investment Grade Index** represents the universe of investment-grade, publicly issued U.S. corporate and specified foreign debentures and secured notes that meet the specified maturity, liquidity and quality requirements. The **Bloomberg 75% Government Credit 1-7 Years 25% Securitized Index**; 75% broad-based flagship benchmark that measures the non-securitized component of the US Aggregate Index. The index includes investment grade, US dollar-denominated, fixed-rate treasuries, government-related and corporate securities. 25% securitized component of the U.S. Aggregate Index. Includes MBS, ABS, and CMBS.

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**Consumer Price Index (CPI)** is a measure of the average change over time in the prices paid by urban consumers for a market basket of consumer goods and services. Widely used as a measure of inflation, the CPI is computed by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. **Core inflation (Core CPI)** is a measure of price changes faced by urban consumers, excluding food and energy. Core CPI is computerized by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

**Bloomberg U.S. Mortgage Backed Securities Index** is a market-value-weighted index that covers the mortgage-backed pass-through securities of Ginnie Mae (GNMA), Fannie Mae (FNMA), and Freddie Mac (FHLMC).

The market index is unmanaged and, therefore, has no expenses. Investors cannot invest directly in an index. There have been periods when the fund has lagged the index.

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